White Rose Maths Hub Schemes of Learning 2.0





Welcome

Welcome to the White Rose Maths Hub's new, more detailed schemes of learning for 2017-18.

We have listened to all the feedback over the last 2 years and as a result of this, we have made some changes to our primary schemes. *They are bigger, bolder and more detailed than before.*

The new schemes still have the *same look and feel* as the old ones, but we have tried to provide more detailed guidance. We have worked with enthusiastic and passionate teachers from up and down the country, who are experts in their particular year group, to bring you additional guidance. *These schemes have been written for teachers, by teachers.*

We are proud to be one of the 35 Maths Hubs around the country that have been established to improve maths outcomes for everyone. *We all believe that every child can succeed in mathematics.* Thank you to everyone who has contributed to the work of the hub. It is only with your help that we can make a difference. We hope that you find the new schemes of learning helpful. As always, if you or your school want support with any aspect of teaching maths, we encourage you to contact your local hub.

If you have any feedback on any part of our work, do not hesitate to get in touch. Follow us on Twitter and Facebook to keep up-to-date with all our latest announcements.

White Rose Maths Hub Team #MathsEveryoneCan

White Rose Maths Hub Contact Details

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What's New?

This release of our schemes includes

- New overviews, with subtle changes being made to the timings and the order of topics.
- New small steps progression. These show our blocks broken down into smaller steps.
- Small steps guidance. For each small step we provide some brief guidance to help teachers understand the key discussion and teaching points. This guidance has been written for teachers, by teachers.
- A more integrated approach to fluency, reasoning and problem solving.
- Answers to all the problems in our new scheme.
- This year there will also be updated assessments.
- We are also working with Diagnostic Questions to provide questions for every single objective of the National Curriculum.



Meet the Team

The schemes have been put together by a wide group of passionate and enthusiastic classroom practitioners. The development of the schemes has been led by the following people who work across Trinity MAT.







Caroline Hamilton









Special Thanks

The WRMH Team would like to say a huge thank you to the following people who came from all over the country to contribute their ideas and experience. We could not have done it without you.

Year 2 Team

Year 3 Team

Becky Stanley

Chris Gordon Beth Prottey Rachel Wademan Emma Hawkins Scott Smith Valda Varadinek-Skelton Chloe Hall Faye Hirst Charlotte James Joanne Stuart Michelle Cornwell

Nicola Butler Laura Collis Richard Miller Claire Bennett Chris Conway

Year 4 Team

Terrie Litherland Susanne White Hannah Kirkman Daniel Ballard Isobel Gabanski Laura Stubbs



Year 5 Team

Lynne Armstrong Laura Heath Clare Bolton Helen Eddie Chris Dunn Rebecca Gascoigne

Year 6 Team

Lindsay Coates Kayleigh Parkes Shahir Khan Sarah Howlett Emma Lucas





How to use the Small Steps

As a hub, we were regularly asked how it is possible to spend so long on particular blocks of content and National Curriculum objectives. We know that breaking the curriculum down into small manageable steps should help children understand concepts better. Too often, we have noticed that teachers will try and cover too many concepts at once and this can lead to cognitive overload. In our opinion, it is better to follow a small steps approach.

As a result, for each block of content we have provided a "Small Step" breakdown. *We recommend that the steps are taught separately* and would encourage teachers to spend more time on particular steps if they feel it is necessary. Flexibility has been built into the scheme to allow this to happen.

Teaching Notes

Alongside the small steps breakdown, we have provided teachers with some brief notes and guidance to help enhance their teaching of the topic. The "Mathematical Talk" section provides questions to encourage mathematical thinking and reasoning, to dig deeper into concepts.

We have also continued to provide guidance on what varied fluency, reasoning and problem solving should look like



FEACHING SCHOOL ALLIANCE

Assessments

Alongside these overviews, our aim is to provide an assessment for each term's plan. Each assessment will be made up of two parts:

Part 1: Fluency based arithmetic practice Part 2: Reasoning and problem solving based questions

Teachers can use these assessments to determine gaps in children's knowledge and use them to plan support and intervention strategies.

The assessments have been designed with new KS1 and KS2 SATs in mind. New assessments will be released over the course of next year.

For each assessment we will aim to provide a summary spreadsheet so that schools can analyse their own data. We hope to work with Mathematics Mastery to allow schools to make comparisons against other schools. Keep a look out for information next year.



Teaching for Mastery

These overviews are designed to support a mastery approach to teaching and learning and have been designed to support the aims and objectives of the new National Curriculum.

The overviews:

- have number at their heart. A large proportion of time is spent reinforcing number to build competency
- ensure teachers stay in the required key stage and support the ideal of depth before breadth.
- ensure students have the opportunity to stay together as they work through the schemes as a whole group
- provide plenty of opportunities to build reasoning and problem solving elements into the curriculum.

For more guidance on teaching for mastery, visit the NCETM website

https://www.ncetm.org.uk/resources/47230

Concrete – Pictorial - Abstract

As a hub, we believe that all children, when introduced to a new concept, should have the opportunity to build competency by taking this approach.

Concrete – children should have the opportunity to use concrete objects and manipulatives to help them understand what they are doing.

Pictorial – alongside this children should use pictorial representations. These representations can then be used to help reason and solve problems.

Abstract – both concrete and pictorial representations should support children's understanding of abstract methods.

We have produced a CPD unit for teachers in schools;

https://www.tes.com/teaching-resource/theimportance-of-concrete-professional-development-11476476



Additional Materials

In addition to our schemes and assessments we have a range of other materials that you may find useful.

KS1 and KS2 Problem Solving Questions

For the last two years, we have provided a range of KS1 and KS2 problem solving questions in the run up to SATs. There are over 150 questions on a variety of different topics and year groups.



Other schemes of learning

As well as having schemes for Y1-Y6 we developed a range of other schemes of learning

- Schemes for reception
- Mixed aged schemes
- Year 7 9 schemes for secondary

Calculation policy/guidance

We also have our calculation policy for the four operations. This can be found on our TES page.





Our Partnerships

tes

www.tes.com



Over the last 12 months we have developed a partnership with tes. Working with Mathematics Mastery we have created a detailed breakdown of the National Curriculum. Watch this space for exciting developments.

https://www.tes.com/teaching-resources/teaching-formastery-in-primary-maths





Diagnostic Questions www.diagnosticquestions.co.uk



From September 2017, we have written two sets of questions for every National Curriculum objective from Y1 to Y6. These are hosted free of charge on @mrbartonmaths Diagnostic Questions website.



Training

The White Rose Maths Hub regularly delivers free training in the local area as part of the Work Groups it runs. Our regular newsletter details this training.

As well as free training, Trinity Teaching School Alliance offers paid for training to schools regionally, nationally and occasionally internationally. Over the last year we have delivered training to over 150 schools and have had over 1,000 people attend our face to face training.

As part of our 'Jigsaw' package we offer the following twilight courses:

- CPA
- Bar Modelling
- Reasoning and Problem Solving
- Mathematical Talk and Questioning
- Variation and Depth

If you would like any more information about our courses then email the team at <u>mathshub@trinitytsa.co.uk</u>

License Partners

We also work with a growing number of Teaching Schools around the country to deliver our training. All of our providers have been specially selected and they are as passionate about improving maths education as we are. All our providers offer our twilight bar modelling training course. If you want to see who your local provider is or would like to become a license partner then visit <u>http://whiterosemathshub.co.uk/licencees/</u>



Bar Modelling Deeper Learning Event



FAQs

We have bought one of the new textbook schemes, can we still use these curriculum plans?

Many schools are starting to make use of mastery textbooks used in places like Singapore and China. The schemes have been designed to work alongside these textbooks. We recommend that you follow the textbook order and use our materials for additional support and guidance.

If we spend so much time on number work, how can we cover the rest of the curriculum?

Children who have an excellent grasp of number make better mathematicians. Spending longer on mastering key topics will build a child's confidence and help secure understanding. This should mean that less time will need to be spent on other topics.

In addition, schools that have been using these schemes already have used other subjects and topic time to teach and consolidate other areas of the mathematics curriculum.

Do you recommend a particular textbook to use?

Unfortunately the hub is unable to recommend a particular textbook. We do however recommend that schools and teachers do their research and speak to schools who have already invested.

Should I teach one small step per lesson?

Each small step should be seen as a separate concept that needs teaching. You may find that you need to spend more time on particular concepts. Flexibility has been built into the curriculum model to allow this to happen. This may involve spending more than one lesson on a small step, depending on your class' understanding.

Will you be providing grade boundaries for your assessments?

No, we will not be releasing guidance on grade boundaries. We suggest the assessments are used to find out what children can and cannot do, which will help inform future planning.



FAQs continued ...

How do I use the fluency, reasoning and problem solving questions?

The questions are designed to be used by the teacher to help them understand the key teaching points that need to be covered. They should be used as inspiration and ideas to help teachers plan carefully structured lessons.

What is same day intervention?

A growing number of schools are doing different types of same day intervention. Some schools are splitting a lesson into two parts and other schools are working with small groups of students at other times during the day. The common goal is to keep up, rather than catch up.

Where is the textbook breakdown from Surrey Hub?

Unfortunately this is no longer available.

How do I reinforce what children already know if I don't teach the topic again?

The scheme has been designed to give sufficient time for teachers to explore concepts in depth, rather than covering it superficially and then coming back to it several times.

We understand though that schools will rightly want to ensure that students revisit concepts and ensure fluency in number.

The schemes interleave prior content in new concepts. For example when children look at measurement we recommend that there are lots of questions that practice the four operations and fractions. This helps children make links between topics and understand them more deeply.

We also recommend that schools look to reinforce number fluency throughout the year. This could be done as mental and oral starters or in additional maths time during the day.



School to School Support

In addition to our training we also have access to some SLEs who (through the Teaching School) can help support individual schools with improving their maths teaching.

To find out more details or the costs of any of our training, please contact one of the Operations and Communications team at the hub mathshub@trinitytsa.co.uk

#MathsEveryoneCan

At the White Rose Maths Hub we believe that everyone can succeed in Maths. We encourage anyone who uses our schemes to share in this belief and do all that they can to convince the children they teach that this is the case.

Release Dates

June 2017

• First part of Autumn term schemes July 2017

- Second part of Autumn term schemes
- Mixed-age plans for Autumn

August 2017

- Diagnostic Questions for Autumn November 2017
 - New Autumn assessments

December 2017

- Spring schemes
- Diagnostic Questions for Spring
 February 2018
 - New Spring assessments

March 2018

- Summer schemes
- Summer Diagnostic Questions

May 2018

• New Summer assessments



Year 5 – Yearly Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Numb	er – Place	Value	Number – Addition and Subtraction				Number – Multiplication and Division		Perimeter and Area		Consolidation
Spring		r – Multip nd Divisio			Number – Fractions						Number – Decimals & Percentages	
Summer	Number – Decimals				Geomet	ry- Prope Shapes	rties of	Geometry- Position and Direction	Bosition and Direction Direction Converting Units			Consolidation



Year 5 – Autumn Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
least 1000000 each digit. Count forward powers of 10 f 1000000. Interpret nega forwards and I negative whol zero. Round any nu nearest 10, 10 Solve number problems that Read Roman n	ce Value rder and compare and determine the ds or backwards in for any given num ative numbers in clud backwards with p e numbers includ mber up to 10000 0, 1000, 10000 ar problems and pra- involve all of the numerals to 1000 rs written in Roma	ne value of a steps of ber up to ontext, count ositive and ing through 100 to the nd 100000 actical above. (M) and	Number- Addit Subtraction Add and subtra mentally with i large numbers Add and subtra numbers with digits, includin written metho addition and su Use rounding t answers to cald determine, in t a problem, leve accuracy. Solve addition subtraction mu problems in co deciding which and methods t why.	act numbers increasingly	Statistics Solve comparise difference prob information pre line graph. Complete, read information in t including timet	lems using esented in a and interpret cables	facts. Multiply and di numbers by 10, Identify multipl including findin a number, and two numbers. Recognise and numbers and cu the notation fo cubed (³) Solve problems multiplication a including using of factors and r and cubes. Know and use t prime numbers composite (nor	vide numbers ng upon known vide whole , 100 and 1000. les and factors, ng all factor pairs of common factors of use square ube numbers and r squared (²) and involving and division their knowledge multiples, squares the vocabulary of s, prime factors and n-prime) numbers. her a number up to d recall prime	Perimeter and Measure and perimeter of or rectilinear sha and m. Calculate and the area of rec (including squ including usin units, cm ² , m ² the area of irr shapes.	calculate the composite upes in cm compare ctangles ares), and g standard estimate	Consolidation

Year 5 – Spring Term

Week 1 Week 2 Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
 <u>Number – Multiplication and Division</u> Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one or two digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for 2 digit numbers. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. Solve problems involving addition and subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the use of the equals sign. 	Identify, name a tenths and hund Recognise mixe write mathemat Add and subtract the same numb Multiply proper diagrams. Read and write Solve problems	rder fractions wh and write equiva dredths. d numbers and i tical statements ct fractions with er. fractions and m decimal number	nose denominato lent fractions of mproper fractior >1 as a mixed nu the same denom ixed numbers by rs as fractions [fo lication and divis	a given fraction, ns and convert fi umber [for exam ninator and deno whole numbers or example 0.71	represented visit rom one form to ple $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$ pominators that an s, supported by n $= \frac{71}{100}$]	ually including the other and] re multiples of naterials and	Number: Decimals Read, write, order numbers with up to places.Recognise and user relate them to ten and decimal equiveRound decimals w places to the near number and to onSolve problems in up to three decimal Recognise the per and understand the relates to 'number hundred', and write a fraction with der and as a decimal.Solve problems of 12, 14 fractions with a definition	and compare to three decimal e thousandths and ths, hundredths alents. ith two decimal est whole e decimal place. volving number al places. cent symbol (%) nat per cent r of parts per te percentages as nominator 100, hich require ge and decimal $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{4}{5}$ and those enominator of a	Consolidation

Year 5 – Summer Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number: Decimal Solve problems in Multiply and divic decimals by 10, 10 Use all four opera for example, leng notation, includin	nvolving numbe de whole numb 00 and 1000. ations to solve sth, mass, volu	pers and those	involving ving measure [Identify 3D sha cuboids, from 2 Use the proper related facts ar angles. Distinguish bet polygons based and angles. Know angles ar and compare a Draw given ang degrees (°) Identify: angles (total 360°), an	perties of Shapes pes, including cub 2D representation ties of rectangles and find missing len ween regular and d on reasoning abo re measured in dea cute, obtuse and r gles, and measure s at a point and on gles at a point on otal 180°) other m	es and other s. to deduce agths and irregular but equal sides grees: estimate reflex angles. them in them in a straight line	Geometry- position and direction Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.	example, km a m; cm and mn and ml] Understand an approximate e between metr common impe as inches, pou	een different c measure [for and m; cm and n; g and kg; l nd use equivalences ic units and erial units such nds and pints.	Measures Volume Estimate volume [for example using 1cm ³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure.	Consolidation

